



Bentham, Bentham IMF, ROLAND ProzessFinanz have all now adopted the unified global name Omni Bridgeway

OMNI BRIDGEWAY

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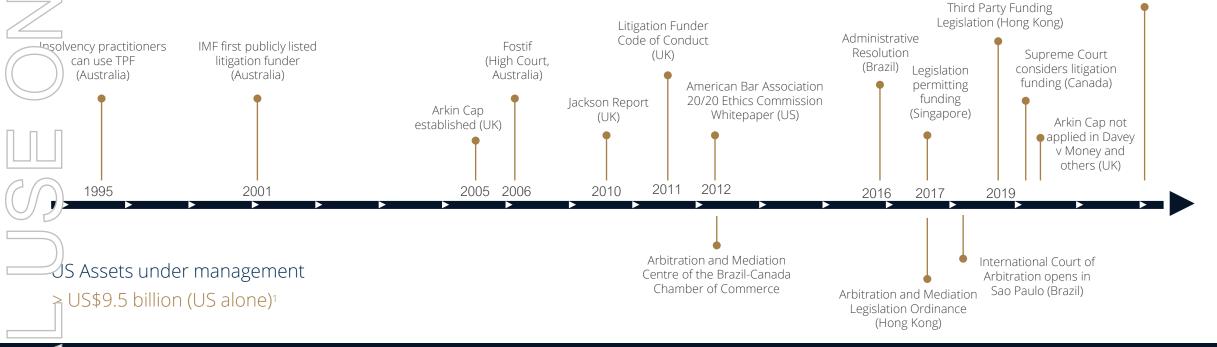


> US\$9.5 billion AUM

(US alone)

Global Industry momentum





Increased industry uptake

7% of insolvency practitioners and financial institutions now onsider third party finance a aluable solution after learning how it works"¹ "87% say Litigation finance enables better access to justice"² "The rise of Third party funding is nothing short of revolutionary"³

"Nearly 100% (99.36%) of respondents with first hand experience with litigation finance agreed that they would use litigation finance again"⁴

"Nine out of ten (93.0%)

finance professionals expect their companies to use legal finance in the next two years"⁵

Simmons & Simmons webinar Sept 2020 2 | Bloomberg Law's Litigation Finance 2020 Survey 3 | Law.com 4 | Lake Whillans & Above the Law 5 | Burford Managing Legal Risk Report 2019

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From case conception to post-judgment

Vision

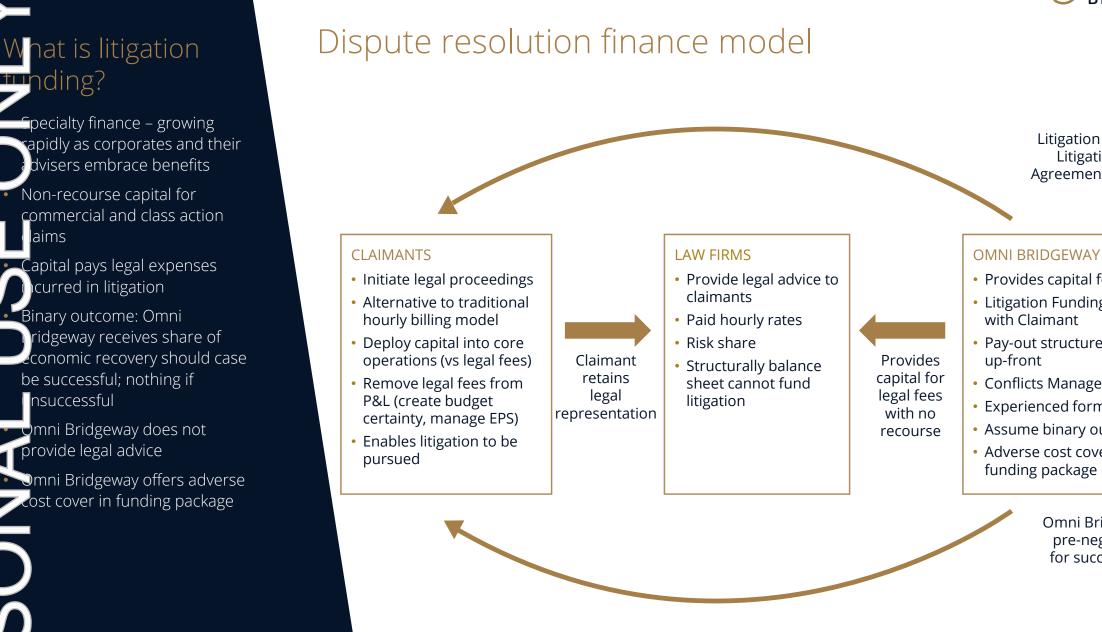
To be recognised as the global leader in financing and managing legal risk

Providing human and financial capital for legal risks along the litigation spectrum including:

- Pre-judgment merits based disputes including litigation and arbitration
- Post-judgment enforcement of awards or judgments
- Active investment strategies for monetisation of claims, judgments, awards and appeals

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Litigation funder enters Litigation Funding Agreement with Claimant

- Provides capital for litigation
- Litigation Funding Agreement with Claimant
- Pay-out structure negotiated
- Conflicts Management Policy
- Experienced former litigators
- Assume binary outcome risk
- Adverse cost cover as part of funding package

Omni Bridgeway receives pre-negotiated payout for successful outcome

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laims



Merits litigation funding

1. Outline of Claim

Confidentiality agreement, Claim outlined by client or their legal representative

Case Progresses

Generally case length 1-5 years. Omni also rovides strategic management services. Omni monitors case progress and project oudget. Omni receives periodic updates from lawyers. In certain jurisdictions (such as Australia) Omni will also provide strategic advice concerning the litigation.

2. Application Review

Omni assesses:

- Type and strength of case
- Potential damages or settlement prospects
- Legal fee arrangement
- Likely duration
- Amount of capital required
- Defendant's ability to satisfy a judgment

5. Settlement or Trial

Majority of cases settle before trial, often at mediation, at which mediator assists parties to reach settlement. Omni involved in mediation with mutual interest in seeing clients maximise the value of their claims.

We welcome an early dialogue with defendants and their insurers, to explore possible resolution before significant legal costs are incurred.

3. Offer of Funding

Omni Investment Committee evaluates due diligence report by an Omni Investment Manager. If investment approved, Litigation Funding Agreement executed by parties.

The claimant's lawyers are subject to an agreed costs budget and risk share which are controlled by Omni.

6. Distribution of Proceeds

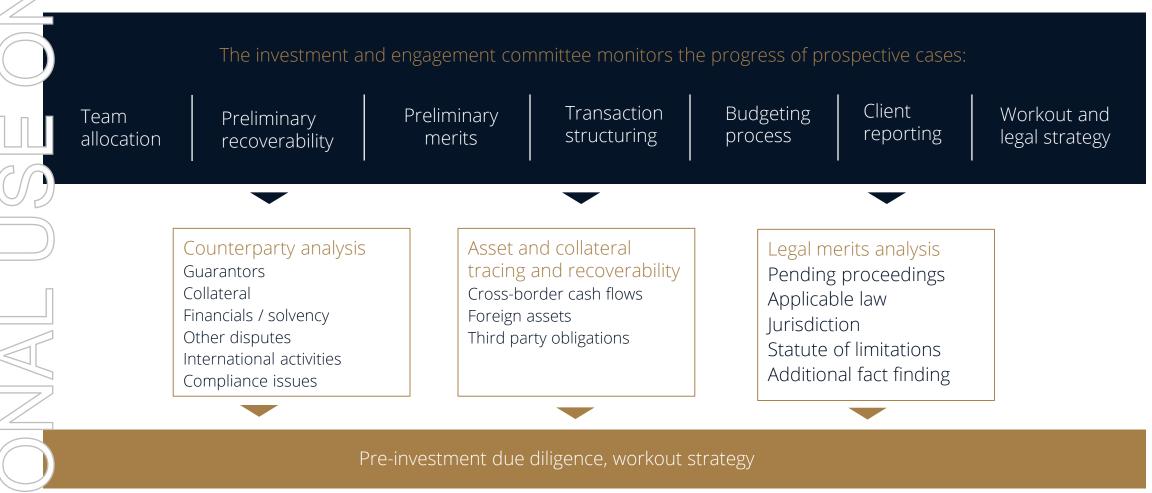
If claim successful, defendant pays agreed sum of money into the plaintiff lawyer's trust account. Lawyer deducts fees owing to Omni pursuant to the Litigation Funding Agreement, and pays balance of funds to client. If claim fails, Omni pays Defendant's costs on the terms of the Funding Agreement.

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Enforcement Funding - Investment procedures

Pre-investment due diligence

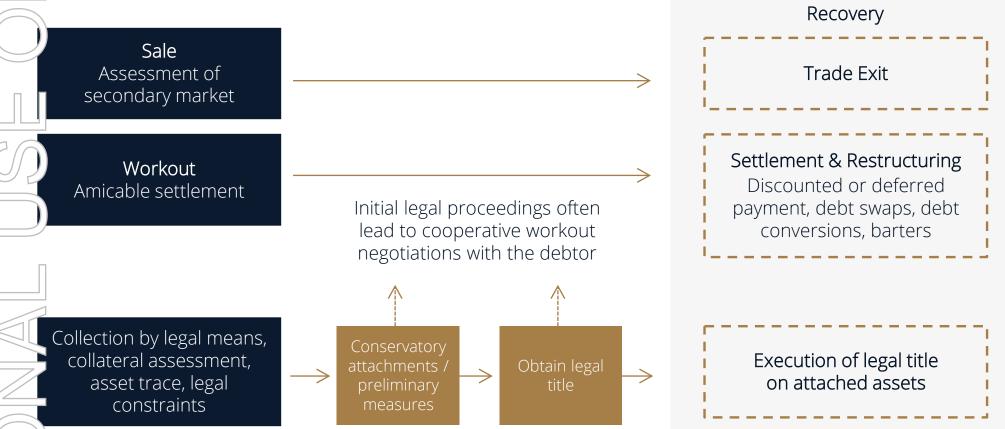


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Asset Recovery – Investment procedures

Distressed assets workout



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Highlights for FY20



FINANCIALS:

Material number of conditional and unconditional completions generating \$314m of revenue and income

- \$98m of NCI extinguished
- \$628m of investments (made largest individual investment)

\$313m in new commitments on a conditional and unconditional basis

Fully franked final dividend of 4.0 cents per share, total dividend of 7.0 cents per share for the financial year

ERGER WITH OMNI BRIDGEWAY:

- Completed strategic expansion in Europe
- Successfully raised equity to facilitate the purchase
- Changed name and branding

Systems and process integration is on track with financial systems integration occurring in May 2020

REFINANCED DEBT:

- Extended maturity profile
- Aligned covenants across debt facilities
- Reduced borrowing rate

SUCCESSFUL WIVENHOE JUDGMENT:

• Significant step towards successful completion

OTHER:

- Inclusion in the S&P / ASX200
- Regulation AFSL / PJC
- Common Fund Orders
- Contingency Fees

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OMNI BRIDGEWAY

Financial Results Overview

| | FY 2020 | FY 2019 | % move from prior year |
|--|--------------|-------------|---------------------------|
| Zatigation contract income | \$m 257.5 | \$m 35.0 | 636% |
| citigation contract income | | 35.0 | ▲ 636% |
| Revenue from cases | 21.7 | - | |
| Purchased claims income | 9.7 | - | |
| N nagement & performance fees | 1.4 | 0.1 | |
| her income (incl foreign exchange & interest) | 24.0 | 9.9 | ▲142% |
| Total revenue and income | 314.3 | 45.0 | ▲ 598% |
| Litigation expenses | (151.0) | (39.2) | ▲285% |
| E: penses on cases | (14.5) | - | |
| P chased claims expenses | (5.8) | - | |
| Net gain | 143.0 | 5.8 | ▲2,366% |
| In pairment | (17.2) | (9.6) | ▲79% |
| Ther net operating expenses | (78.5) | (43.8) | ▲79% |
| Share of profit and loss from associates | (0.2) | - | |
| P) fit / (loss) before tax and fair value adjustments on financial liabilities | 47.1 | (47.6) | ▲199% |
| /r value adjustments on financial liabilities | (13.6) | - | |
| Profit / (loss) before tax | 33.5 | (47.6) | ▲170% |
| Infome tax benefit /(expense) | (15.9) | 11.5 | |
| P pfit / (loss) after tax | 17.6 | (36.1) | ▲149% |
| ributable to Omni Bridgeway | (11.5) | (36.1) | |
| cuributable to NCI | 29.1 | (0.0) | |
| Cash and net receivables | 312.2 | 217.6 | ▲44% |
| Legation contracts in progress (intangible assets) | 517.2 | 427.0 | ▲21% |
| her litigation investment assets | 110.7 | - | |
| Net assets | 767.2 | 515.5 | ▲49% |
| Net asset backing (\$ per share) | 3.1 | 2.5 | ▲22% |
| timated Portfolio Value – Funded (\$b) | 13.5 | 8.0 | ▲69% |
| Es imated Portfolio Value – Conditionally Funded & IC Approved (\$b) | 2.3 | 1.5 | ▲52% |
| umber of investments | 304 | 83 | |
| vidend declared | 4.0 | - | |

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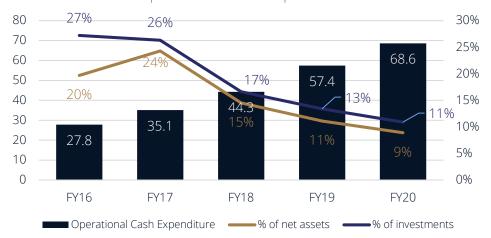
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Operating Expenditure

| | FY 2020 | FY 2019 |
|---|---------|---------|
| | \$m | \$m |
| As per Profit and Loss Statement | | |
| Finance costs | (1.4) | (0.1) |
| Depreciation expense | (2.9) | (0.7) |
| Employee benefits expense | (50.3) | (28.5) |
| Corporate and office expense | (20.0) | (12.8) |
| Other expenses | (21.1) | (11.3) |
| | (95.7) | (53.4) |
| nclude: Capitalised items | | |
| Employee costs | (10.4) | (7.3) |
| Borrowing costs | (10.4) | (10.1) |
| | (0.5) | (1.2) |
| 92 | (21.3) | (18.6) |
| Deduct: Non-cash items & one-offs | | |
|),TIP | 9.1 | 7.0 |
| STIP – accrued and unpaid | 9.6 | - |
| NCI contribution to Fund 6 costs | 4.5 | - |
| Transaction costs - purchase of Omni Bridgeway Holding BV Group | 4.8 | - |
| Professional advisors | 0.3 | 1.6 |
| Depreciation expense | 2.9 | 0.7 |
| Net foreign exchange (gain) / loss | - | (4.3) |
| Impairment | 17.2 | 9.6 |
| | 48.4 | 14.6 |
| Operational cash expenditure | (68.6) | (57.4) |
| % of net assets | 8.9% | 11.1% |
| % of investments | 10.9% | 13.4% |
| % of EPV | 0.4% | 0.6% |
| Headcount | 163 | 101 |
| Number of offices | 18 | 14 |

- Actual cash costs have increased 20% from the prior year, however they have decreased as a percentage of net assets, investments and EPV, reflecting an improvement in operational efficiency.
- In the current period, there are a number of expenses associated with the Omni Bridgeway merger that will not be repeated in subsequent periods.
- Headcount has increased by 61% in FY20 whilst employee costs (excluding STIP which was not paid in FY19) increased by 43%. Omni Bridgeway's EMEA team joined in November 2019 and as such only represent a part-year expense.
- Impairment charges increased from FY19 by 79% largely represented by two investments in US Fund 1 and one on the balance sheet. During the same period our portfolio of investments (intangibles and other investments) increased by 47%.



Operational Cash Expenditure

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Sources and Applications of Cash

| | FY 2020 | FY 2019 |
|--|---------|---------|
| | \$m | \$m |
| Cash generation | | |
| Proceeds from litigation funding | 171.0 | 43.2 |
| Proceeds from claims portfolio investments | 15.0 | - |
| // roceeds from disposal of a financial asset | 9.7 | - |
| NCI contribution to Fund 6 costs | 4.5 | - |
| Net interest | (4.6) | (4.6) |
| Ther income | 0.8 | - |
| 10vement in receivables | 117.8 | (8.8) |
| 20 | 314.2 | 29.8 |
| ash burn | | |
| Operational cash expenditure | (68.6) | (57.4) |
| ransaction costs - purchase of Omni Bridgeway Holding BV | | |
| /roup (one-off) | (4.8) | - |
| Professional advisors (one-off) | (0.3) | (1.6) |
| Income tax received / (paid) | (3.9) | 3.5 |
| | (77.6) | (55.5) |
| Let cash generation | 236.6 | (25.7) |
| Cash and net receivables | | |
| Balance Sheet | 133.2 | 132.8 |
| Funds | 61.2 | 93.6 |
| Movement in receivables | 117.8 | (8.8) |
| | 312.2 | 217.6 |

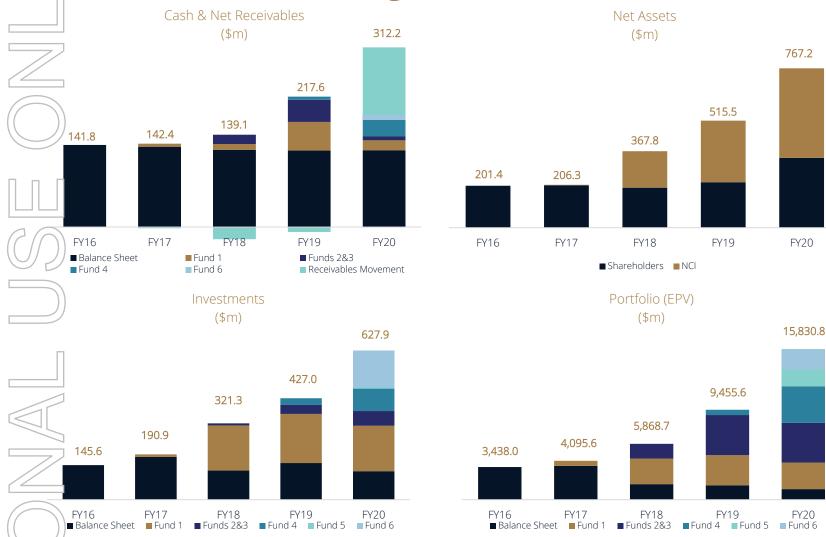
- IFRS reporting does not necessarily represent the cash generating capacity of the business given revenue recognition principles and capitalisation of certain expenses into intangibles.
- Net cash generation identifies cash inflows from completions and deducts cash expenses during the period.
- FY20 produced a record amount of cash for the group on a consolidated basis, which flowed into cash on the balance sheet and in the funds.



Net Cash Generation



Balance Sheet Strength and Investment Portfolio



- Material growth in all key metrics including income, liquid assets, net assets, investments and portfolio.
- 47% increase in investments and 69% increase in EPV (excluding conditional investments) reflecting an increase in average investment size, improving operational efficacy.
- 44% CAGR in investments and 46% CAGR in EPV from FY16, providing platform for future income generation.

Returns from investments housed in Funds follow each respective Fund's waterfall of distributions, including allocation of profits to the Omni Bridgeway Group once capital and priority returns are paid. 1. Investments in Fund 6 (OB) includes \$99.6m of fair value adjustments on acquisition.

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EPV Portfolio

Quarterly portfolio update 30 June 2020

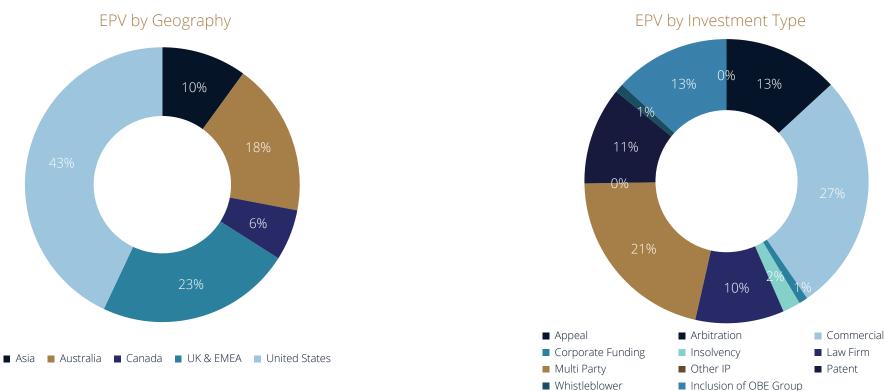
| | Balance | | | Fu | nds | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----|---------|-----|--------|---------|----------|-------------|
| | Sheet | 1 | 2&3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | Total | EPV |
| Novement for quarter | # | # | # | # | # | # | # | # | AUD billion |
| unded investments (opening) | 13 | 31 | 32 | 5 | 6 | - | - | 87 | 10.5 |
| Inclusion of OBE Group | 5 | - | - | - | - | 180 | - | 185 | |
| N w investments | - | - | 2 | 4 | 5 | - | - | 11 | |
| mpleted investments | (2) | (1) | (3) | - | - | - | - | (6) | |
| thdrawn / Terminated | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Inded investments (closing) | 16 | 30 | 31 | 9 | 11 | 180 | - | 277 | 13.5 |
| anditionally funded investments | - | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | 5 | |
| lo approved investments | - | - | - | - | 11 | 9 | 2 | 22 | |
| Total including all investments | 16 | 30 | 36 | 9 | 22 | 189 | 2 | 304 | 15.8 |
| P ssible Completion EPV D million | | FY2021 | | FY2022 | F | -Y2023 | FY2024 | + | Total |
| alance Sheet | · | 869.8 | | 234.2 | | 5.7 | 1.0 |) | 1,110.7 |
| Fund 1 | | 1,441.3 | | 798.6 | | 258.3 | 300.6 | 5 | 2,798.8 |
| | | 935.3 | | 1,180.0 | | 791.1 | 33.5 | 5 | 2,939.9 |
| Fund 4 | | 101.2 | | 1,549.5 | 1 | ,336.0 | 861.2 | <u>)</u> | 3,847.9 |
| Fund 5 | | 290.1 | | 110.9 | | 288.7 | 16.6 | 5 | 706.3 |
| Find 6 | | 264.7 | | 537.5 | | 537.2 | 772.8 | 3 | 2,112.2 |
| and 7 | | - | | - | | - | - | | - |
| tal EPV Funded investments | | 3,902.4 | | 4,410.7 | 3 | ,217.0 | 1,985.7 | 7 | 13,515.8 |

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EPV Diversity \square ESTOR PRESENTATION | OCTOBER 2020



Diversification of investments by type and geography was a key objective of our initial business plan.

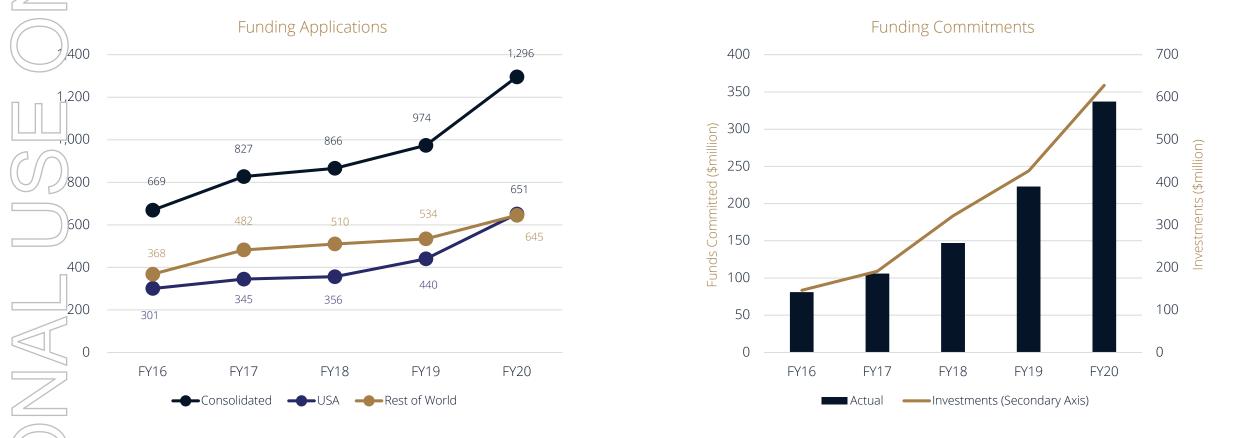
In FY15 we had a high concentration in Australian class action investments and by FY20 we have a balanced portfolio of investments by geography and type.

Diversification provides mitigation to risk of competition and regulatory intervention.



Funding Funnel

Funding applications continue to grow year on year as our geographic expansion takes hold. Investments from year-to-year largely track funding commitments.



1. Committed funding amounts from FY17 include conditionally funded investments and investments approved for funding by the Investment Committee but not yet funded. From FY18, upward budget revisions have been included.

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Fund Structures

| escription | Fund 1 | Funds 2 & 3 | Fund 4 | Fund 5 | Funds 6 and 7 (incl DARP JV) |
|----------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| and size | US\$167M | A\$180M | US\$500M | US\$500M | €195M |
| IMF / Omni contribution | 25% | 20% | 20% | 20% | 5% |
| Narket | USA | ROW | USA | ROW | EMEA |
| туре | European whole of fund | European whole of fund | American deal by deal | American deal by deal | Hybrid whole of fund |
| Waterfall | Investor capital Investor preferred return Investor undrawn fee IMF management fee IMF capital Profit distribution (IMF 85%, Investor 15%) | Investor capital Investor preferred return Investor undrawn fee IMF management fee IMF capital Profit distribution (IMF 80%, Investor 20%) | Investor capital (including IMF) Hurdle 8% Catch-up To 20% IRR – 80% to investors (inc IMF), 20% performance fee Profit distribution (IMF 30% performance fee, Investors (inc IMF) 70%) | Investor capital (including IMF) Hurdle 8% Catch-up To 20% IRR – 80% to investors (inc IMF), 20% performance fee Profit distribution (IMF 30% performance fee, Investors (inc IMF) 70%) | Merit Investments 1. Capital 2. Hurdle 10% 3. Performance fee – IRR <20%, 20%; IRR >20%, 30% 4. Balance to investors (inc OB) prorata Enforcement Investments 1. Investor capital 2. Hurdle IRR 20% 3. Profit distribution (OB 100%) Other historic investments 1. Deal specific ad hoc returns |
| Management fee | Part of waterfall return | Part of waterfall return | Paid quarterly | Paid quarterly | As called |
| Unvestment period | 3 years (closed) | 3 years | 4 years | 4 years | 5 years |
| Commencement Date | February 2017 | October 2017 | December 2018 | June 2019 | 2016 |
| Status | Deployment / Harvest | Investment / Deployment / Harvest | Investment / Deployment | Investment / Deployment | Investment / Deployment |
| C her | | ATE policy to respond to claims for adverse costs | Optional second series Capital recycling permitted during investment period | Optional second series Capital recycling during investment period ATE policy to respond to claims for adverse costs | DARP refers to USD 100m JV with IFC / World Bank |

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Fund Summary

| | | | Investors Omni Bridgeway | | | idgeway | | |
|-------------|------------------|-----------|--------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Commence date | Fund size | Committed | Capital A\$m | Returns ¹ A\$m | Capital A\$m | Fees A\$m | EPV A\$m |
| und 1 | 10 Feb 2017 | USD 167m | 100% | 127.9 | 40.9 | 60.8 | 6.3 | 2,798.8 |
| Funds 2 & 3 | 3 Oct 2017 | AUD 180m | 99% | 50.1 | 20.0 | 16.2 | 1.4 | 2,939.9 |
| Fund 4 | 1 Apr 2019 | USD 500m | 22% | 103.2 | 24.2 | 25.8 | - | 3,847.9 |
| und 5 | 27 Sep 2019 | USD 500m | 20% | 45.7 | - | 11.4 | - | 706.3 |
| und 6 | 13 Jun 2016 | EUR 150m | 42% | 98.9 | 48.0 | 4.9 | - | 2,112.2 |
| und 7 | 28 Sep 2018 | USD 100m | 4% | 1.5 | - | 2.6 | - | N/A |
| Otal | | | | 427.3 | 133.1 | 122.7 | 7.7 | 12,405.1 |

Funds 1, 2 and 3 are now fully committed and in harvest mode. Given the fund structure, the investors have priority entitlement to distribution of capital and preferred returns, recourse only to the investments within the respective funds. There are a substantial number of investments and associated EPV within each of those funds from which those priority entitlements can be met.

Funds 4 and 5 are partially committed, and have the option to recycle capital from completed investments. The investment periods complete four years from commencement, with a run-off harvest period that follows.

Funds 6 and 7 are similar to Funds 4 and 5, and structured on an American waterfall basis except that with respect to Fund 7, funds are first allocated towards the IFC debt before allocations are made via the waterfall. Fund 6 is near full commitment once the provision of US\$50m for Fund 7 is provided for.

1. Returns for Funds 1 – 3 include accumulated preferred returns and special distributions. For Funds 4 – 7, these include recycled proceeds.



First Generation Funds

V e have been asked how we analyse the ability of the first generation funds to return value to OBL shareholders based on their current portfolios and returns to date. Whilst Omni Bridgeway does not provide rnings guidance or forecasts and notes that past performance is not necessarily an indicator of future performance, we explain how we analyse these funds.

nni Bridgeway assessment process:

• Preferred capital and returns (non-recourse)

• Fund ROIC and deployed capital

Fund portfolio EPV and the Long Term Conversion Rate (LTCR)

Possible completion periods

eferred Capital and Returns

nd 1

| and I | | |
|--|-------|-------------|
| | Total | Accumulated |
| as at 30 June 2020 | \$m | \$m |
| Preferred Capital | 80.8 | 80.8 |
| Accumulated Preferred Return | 38.3 | 119.1 |
| Accumulated Special Distribution | 2.6 | 121.7 |
| () eceivables from litigation contracts yet to be distributed | | (5.9) |
| Net | | 115.8 |

Funds 2&3

| | Total | Accumulated |
|---|-------|-------------|
| as at 30 June 2020 | \$m | \$m |
| Preferred Capital | 50.1 | 50.1 |
| Accumulated Preferred Return | 16.4 | 66.5 |
| Accumulated Special Distribution | 3.6 | 70.1 |
| Receivables from litigation contracts yet to be distributed | | (33.9) |
| Net | | 36.2 |

st Generation Fund EPV and LTCR

| | | | Possible Completion EPV | | | | |
|-------------|---------------|------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|--|
| | # investments | EPV \$m | FY2021 \$m | FY2022 \$m | FY2023 \$m | FY2024+ \$m | |
| und 1 | 30 | 2,798.8 | 1,441.3 | 798.6 | 258.3 | 300.6 | |
| lunds 2 & 3 | 31 | 2,939.9 | 935.3 | 1,180.0 | 791.1 | 33.5 | |
| Total | 61 | 5,738.7 | 2,376.6 | 1,978.6 | 1,049.4 | 334.1 | |

⁻⁻pbal LTCR at 30 June 2020 was 15% of EPV.

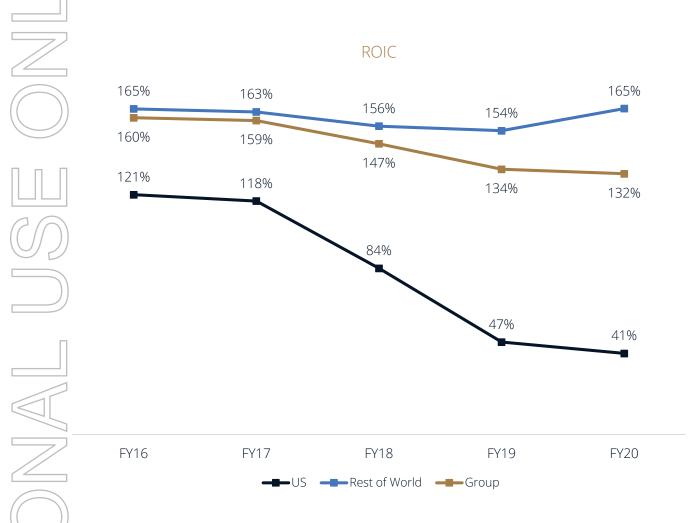
- Fund 1 EPV (\$2.8b @ 30 June 2020) and OBL's LTCR (which includes losses) (15% of EPV @ 30 June 2020)
- Fund 1's average ROIC to date (20% @ 30 June 2020) and the capital deployed to outstanding Fund 1 investments (\$191.4m @ 30 June 2020)

- Funds 2&3 EPV (\$2.9b @ 30 June 2020) and OBL's LTCR (which includes losses) (15% of EPV @ 30 June 2020)
- Funds 2&3's average ROIC to date (314% @ 30 June 2020) and the capital deployed to outstanding Funds 2&3 investments (\$57.6m @ 30 June 2020)

l ooking at the possible completion dates across the portfolios, by way of example, if the Fund 1 investments with Possible Completion in FY21 were to complete in that period at the LTCR the senior capital and period return would be comfortably returned.



ROIC Track Record



- ROIC as a measure for our investments is becoming less relevant given our transition to funds management.
- ROIC in the US has declined over the last financial year as a consequence of investments that completed in a short duration, which produced high IRRs.
- ROIC in non-US investments increased as a consequence of recent completions in Australia and Canada.
- Average duration for completed matters is 2.7 years on a global basis, 1.9 years for US investments and 2.8 years for non-US investments.

The data contained in the Funding Track Record has been reviewed by Ernst & Young to 31 December 2019 and has been updated to 30 June 2020 by management.

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Vivenhoe and Westgem

The decision was handed down in November 2019 in favour of our funded clients, and which found the defendants Seqwater, Sunwater and the State of Queensland (State) liable in negligence to group members. Subsequently the state has advised that it will not appeal the decision, whereas the other defendants have now filed a notice of intention to appeal.

 Allocation of proportions of liability between the defendants has been determined Seqwater 50%, Sunwater 30% and the State of Queensland (State) 20%. Sunwater and the State have decided not to appeal the apportionment of liability, whereas Seqwater has appealed the allocation.

Mediation set for September 2020, failing which a hearing is scheduled for October 2020, to resolve various issues including the methodology for determining quantum of liability. The various appeals have been scheduled for May 2021 if mediation does not result in a settlement.

• Issues to resolve include:

- determination of quantum of damages suffered by group members;
- appeals (assuming they proceed); and
- the costs orders that should follow from the decision handed down in November 2019.
- We continue to estimate that Omni Bridgeway's income may range between \$120m and \$150m, based on a conservative view of a range of possible resolution butcomes. There is the potential for total damages to significantly exceed that conservative range and that would increase Omni Bridgeway's return.
- We are not proposing to revise Omni Bridgeway's income estimate at this stage.

- The Supreme Court of Western Australia has delivered judgment in the Westgem litigation in favour of the defendant and has dismissed the claims of Omni Bridgeway's funded clients.
- The Westgem investment has a carrying value of \$55m and was commenced in 2011. This represents 8.7% of Omni Bridgeway's consolidated litigation investment assets of \$628m at 30 June 2020 and 7.2% of Omni Bridgeway's consolidated net assets of \$767m.
- The carrying value is broken down as follows:

| External Costs | Capitalised Internal Costs | Capitalised Borrowing Costs | Total Carrying Value |
|----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| \$34m | \$9m | \$12m | \$55m |

- Following a detailed review of the judgment and assessment of appeal prospects a decision will be taken with regard to what level of impairment may be necessary, if any, against this carrying value. Any impairment will be a non-cash item. As part of this assessment, Omni Bridgeway will also determine what level of provision for adverse costs may be necessary. Current estimate of cash impact from adverse costs is between \$7.5m and \$10m.
- The estimated portfolio value (EPV) of the Westgem investment is \$250m, out of a total EPV of balance sheet investments at 30 June 2020 of \$1.11b and a consolidated EPV of all funded investments of \$13.5b. As part of the judgment review and consideration of the prospects for appeal, Omni Bridgeway will reassess the EPV of the Westgem investment.



Regulation / Common Fund Orders / Contingency Fees

The High Court's decision on Common Fund Orders (CFOs) in December 2019 caused some consternation amongst industry participants but has not resulted in a wholesale change in the funding of class actions. The implications are yet to be felt on competitors attitudes to class actions under these new rules.

Since the decision by the High Court, the Victorian Government has passed legislation that will in effect allow contingency fees for lawyers in class actions. Omni Bridgeway has considered its various options, which include:

- Funding law firms on a portfolio basis, as it does in the US;
- Continuing to fund class actions as a funder for a group of clients; and
- Establishing its own law firm, and seeking contingency fee returns.

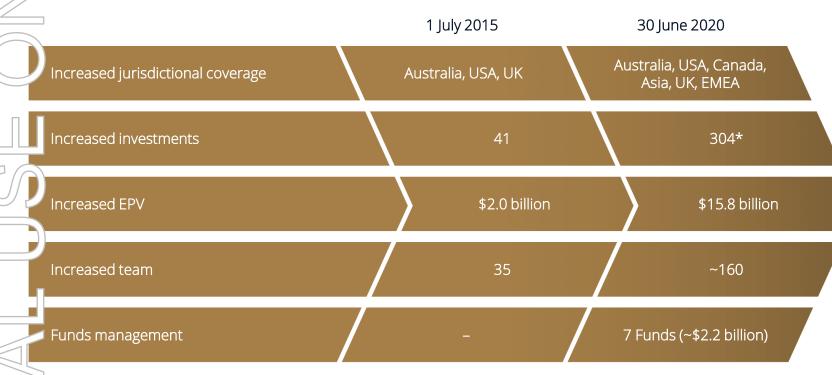
The Federal Government has referred to the Parliamentary Joint Committee on Corporations and Financial Services (PJC) terms of reference to inquire into litigation funding and class actions. The PJC is expected to hand down its findings in December 2020 and report on various issues including the regulation of litigation funders, a possible change to the continuous disclosure regime and the remuneration of litigation funders in class actions.

Subsequent to the referral to the PJC, the Treasurer announced that from 22 August 2020 litigation funders offering funding in class actions will be required to hold an Australian Financial Services License (AFSL) and that the exemption from the application of the Managed Investment Scheme (MIS) that applied to funders of class actions would be revoked.

Omni Bridgeway has advocated for regulation of the litigation funding industry and welcomed the government's initiatives, qualified only that
 the MIS regime needed to be "fit for purpose", to ensure that the class action process and clients' access to justice was not impeded. Omni
 Bridgeway has applied for an AFSL and has submitted its views to ASIC regarding the modifications required to make the MIS regime fit for
 purpose to regulate class actions.



Gulmination of Initial Five Year Plan



cludes Investment Committee Approved and Conditionally Funded investments

- This financial year has been the strongest in our company's history, with record income of \$314.3m and net profit before tax and fair value adjustments of \$47.1m.
- Significant number of 30 partial and complete resolutions around the world.
- A record number of 1,296 applications.
- We committed more funds to investments in FY20 than any prior year, in total \$313.2m in conditional and unconditional commitments.
- We have achieved all of our goals from our initial business plan from FY15.



Next Five Year Plan

The previous business plan was focussed on diversification. The current business plan is focussed on differentiation. Omni Bridgeway now finds itself as the largest litigation funder in the world and our vision is to be recognised as the global leader in managing and financing legal risks.

Over the period of the next business plan from FY21 to FY25 to achieve this vision, we have planned for:

- Growth in FUM.
- Expansion of geographic footprint and headcount within our current areas of operation and into new areas of operation, including exploring opportunities in South America, Africa and Asia.
- Expansion of our product offerings to include:
 - Acquisition of claims, judgments or awards;
 - Law firm funding for receivables;
 - Downside risk management and defence funding.
 - In response to the contingency fee environment in Australia, potentially acquiring or developing organically a law firm for class actions.

To support business plan goals we intend to recruit or have now recruited specialists for enforcement in US, asset tracing in Asia and a global distressed debt resource.



Risk Mitigation

| Risk | Potential impact | Strategic response |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| ORTFOLIO | Potential for a funded case to be lost = Omni Bridgeway investment lost and exposure to adverse costs Two material investment risks on balance sheet: Wivenhoe | Deliberate transition from idiosyncratic risk to systemic risk of a portfolio Portfolio represents increased number of investments, broader range of case types, sizes and jurisdictions |
| \int | Dam & Westgem | Co-funding and ACO insurance cover in place |
| | Price compression Loss of market share Talent loss | Market differentiation (track record, capital adequacy, ACO cover, security for costs, transparency through public listing, reputation for integrity and fairness, strategic insights & project management of cases) Innovation - products & services Know-how - business processes Talent retention strategies Taking steps to reduce cost and increase availability of capital |
| EGULATORY CHANGE | Need to adjust business model New reporting /licensing regime New market entrants | • Awareness, involvement and industry leadership |
| EY-PERSON EPENDENCY | Loss of know-how | Legal avenues: non-compete, confidentiality and IP protection agreements Talent retention & knowledge transfer strategies: coaching, mentoring, professional development to build, transfer and safe-guard corporate knowledge Incentive plans which reward loyalty and engagement Purchase agreement structured to retain key executives |
| T & DATA SECURITY | Loss of data due to software or hardware failure Theft or corruption of data or trade secrets due to social engineering or external penetration ('hacking') | Continuous adaptation to be nimble Audits by external security and IT providers Staff education Constant vigilance |
| RAND REPUTATION | If reputation is sullied, stakeholder trust and loyalty is eroded and brand equity and financial value can be compromised | Conscious culture of risk management Numerous policies and practices to safe- guard reputation including escalation procedures throughout our organisation and regular and clear communication with all stakeholders |
| POOR INVESTMENT ECISIONS | Financial impact of loss of investment, and in relevant jurisdiction adverse cost exposure, with flow on reputation risk | Investment in experienced investment managers with litigation experience Enhanced Investment Committee process with introduction of external resources from the judiciary and legal profession |

ESTOR PRESENTATION | OCTOBER 2020

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Glossary of Terms and Notes

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| | STIMATED PORTFOLIO VALUE (EPV) | EPV for an investment where the funding entity earns: (i) a percentage of the resolution proceeds as a funding commission, is the current estimate of the investment's recoverable amount after considering the perceived capacity of the defendant to meet the claim and any other pertinent factors. Such amount is not necessarily the amount being claimed by the claimants, nor is it an estimate of the return to the group if the investment is successful, (ii) a funding commission calculated as a multiple of capital invested, is arrived at by taking the estimated potential income return from the investment and grossing this up to an EPV using the Long-Term Conversion Rate, and (iii) a funding commission calculated on a combination of the above bases or on an alternative basis, may utilise one of the above methodologies, or a hybrid construct, or an alternative methodology depending upon the components of the funding commission. OBE Group's EPV has been estimated on a conceptually consistent basis; enforcement case investments may have a multi-layered approach from a timing and value perspective. Where OBE Group have not yet been able to ascertain an EPV consistent with the disclosed methodology an EPV of zero has been used. However calculated, an EPV is an estimate and is subject to change over time for a number of reasons, including, but not limited to, changes in circumstances and knowledge relating to an investment or the defendant(s) perceived capacity to meet the claim, partial recovery and, where applicable, fluctuations in exchange rates between the applicable local currency and the Australian dollar. Possible EPV's are reviewed and updated where necessary. The portfolio's value is the aggregation of individual investments' EPVs as determined above. |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | FRS | International Financial Reporting Standards |
| | R | Internal Rate of Return |
| | LTIP | Long Term Incentive Program |
| | СІ | Non-Controlling Interest |
| | OBE GROUP | Omni Bridgeway Holding B.V. (ie 'Omni Bridgeway Europe'), Omni Bridgeway AG (formerly ROLAND ProzessFinanz), and a joint venture with IFC (part of the World Bank Group). |
| | AST PERFORMANCE | Past performance is <u>not necessarily an indication</u> of future performance. Past performance indicates that Omni Bridgeway's litigation funding investments (excluding Omni Bridgeway Europe's investments) have generated average gross income of approximately 15% of the EPV of an investment at the time it is completed (Long-Term Conversion Rate). The Long-Term Conversion Rate, ROIC and IRR from completed investments may vary materially over time. By providing this information, Omni Bridgeway has not been and is not now, in any way, providing earnings guidance for future periods. |
| | POSSIBLE COMPLETION PERIODS | The possible completion period is Omni Bridgeway's current estimate of the period in which an investment may be finalised. It is <u>not</u> a projection or forecast. An investment may finalise earlier or later than the identified period for various reasons. Completion for these purposes means finalisation of the litigation by either settlement, judgement or arbitrator determination, for or against the funded claimant, notwithstanding that such finalisation may be conditional upon certain matters such as court approval in the context of a class action. It may not follow that the financial result will be accounted for in the year of finalisation. Possible completion period estimates are reviewed and updated where necessary. |
| | PPA | Purchase Price Allocation |
| | оіс | Return on Invested Capital - gain or loss on derecognition of investments (including or excluding overheads) divided by the total spent on investments (including or excluding overheads) overheads) |
| $C\overline{\Omega}$ | TIP | Short Term Incentive Program |
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ASIA AUSTRALIA 052 3978 2629 +61 8 8122 1010 Level 27 50 Gilbert Street Wor -Wide House Adelaide SA 5000 Voeux Road Central 19 D entral, Hong Kong +61 7 3108 1311 Level 18 313 2647 175 Eagle Street 13-03 Brisbane QLD 4000 6 Bat ry Road oore 049909

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+61 3 9913 3301 Level 3 Bourke Place 600 Bourke Street Melbourne VIC 3000

+61 8 9225 2300 Level 6 37 St Georges Terrace Perth WA 6000

+61 2 8223 3567 Level 18 68 Pitt Street Sydney NSW 2000 +1 514 257 6971 60 rue St-Jacques Bureau 401 Montréal QC H2Y 1L5

CANADA

+1 416 583 5720

250 The Esplanade Suite 127 Toronto ON M5A 1|2

+31 70 338 4343 1118 BG Schiphol Amsterdam The Netherlands

+49 221 801155-0 Gereonstr. 43-65 50670 Cologne Germany

Schiphol Boulevard 121

EUROPE, MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA

+41 22 818 6300 Rue de la Rôtisserie 4 1204 Geneva Switzerland +44 203 968 6061 81 Chancery Lane London WC2A 1DD United Kingdom

+971 4 514 4608 Unit 1905, Level 19 Index Tower Dubai International **Financial Centre** 507152 Dubai United Arab Emirates

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

+17139657919

Houston TX 77010

+1 213 550 2687

555 W. Fifth Street

Los Angeles CA 90013

Suite 2860

Suite 3310

New York +1 212 488 5331 LyondellBasell Tower 1221 McKinney Street

437 Madison Avenue 19th Floor New York NY 10022

+1 415 231 0363 50 California Street Suite 2550 San Francisco CA 94111