



INVESTOR PRESENTATION

August 2014

CONTENTS

- FY2014 Highlights
- FY2014 Income
- Balance Sheet Strength
- Dividend
- Investment Portfolio at 30 June 2014
- Investment Portfolio History
- Possible Completions in FY2015
- New Cases
- Select Case Updates
- Track Record
- Future Outlook



FY2014 HIGHLIGHTS

	FY2013	FY2014	%
Gross Income (from cases)	\$43.9M	\$75.9M	A 73%
Net Income (from cases)	\$24.6M	\$25.3M	A 3%
NPBT	\$20.1M	\$15.6M	⋎ 23%
NPAT	\$13.8M	\$9.9M	⋎ 29%
Dividends (cents per share)	5 cents	10 cents	🔺 5 cents
EPS	11.21	6.56	▼ 41%
Net Asset Backing	\$1.02	\$1.16	A 14%
Case Investment (Intangibles)	\$86.1M	\$98.6M	A 15%
Value of Investment Portfolio	\$1.6BN	\$2.07BN	A 26%



FY2014 INCOME

MATTER	GROSS INCOME	NET INCOME
Lehman Australia	\$32.0M	\$19.7M
Downer	\$11.3M	\$10.1M
Great Southern	\$12.3M	\$7.7M
MCC Mining	\$5.0M	\$1.8M
Air Cargo	\$7.3M	\$1.6M
Hastings Capital	\$2.0M	\$1.1M
Bank of Queensland	-	(\$15.4M)
Others	\$6.0M	(\$0.6M)
Total Matter Income	\$75.9M	\$26.0M



BALANCE SHEET STRENGTH



¹ Investments includes capitalised overheads relating to the litigation.

² IMF raised capital during the period totalling \$42,031,791 through its institutional placement and share placement plan. A further \$27,631,244 in equity was raised through convertible noteholders converting into shares, and convertible note redemptions totalled \$11,180,756 as a result of the early redemption of the convertible notes. In addition, \$1,673,477 was raised from shareholders participating in the dividend reinvestment plan. IMF raised \$50M in debt through the issuance of the Bentham IMF Bonds.



DIVIDEND

Dividend History

DATE	CENTS PER SHARE	
FY2010	5	Fully franked
FY2011	15	Fully franked
FY2012	10	Fully franked
FY2013	5	Fully franked
FY2014*	10	Fully franked

- * A 5.0 cent dividend was announced on 21 August 2014
 - Record Date: 19 September 2014
 - Payment Date: 3 October 2014

Future Dividend Policy

 The Directors have determined they will consider, and where appropriate implement, a regular semi-annual dividend which reflects the cash position of the Company at the time of the dividend and the likely demand for cash over the ensuing twelve month period.

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

- The Company has put in place a Dividend Reinvestment Plan and, on appropriate occasions, will arrange underwriting to reduce the impact a particular dividend might otherwise have on cash.
- Shareholders are able to participate in the Dividend Reinvestment Plan in relation to the dividend announced on 21 August 2014.



INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO AT 30 JUNE 2014

Claim Value Range	Est. Claim Value ¹	No of Cases	% of Total Value	Possible Completion FY2015 ²	Possible Completion FY2016 ²	Possible Completion FY2017 ²
<\$10M	\$32M	6	2%	\$25M	\$7M	-
\$10M - \$50M	\$395M	14	19%	\$200M	\$35M	\$160M
>\$50M	\$1,640M	10	79%	\$475M	\$700M	\$465M
Total Portfolio ¹	\$2,067M	30	100%	\$700M	\$742M	\$625M

- 1 This is IMF's current best estimate of the claims recoverable amount (or remaining recoverable amount if there has been a partial recovery). It considers, where appropriate, the perceived capacity of the defendant to pay the amount claimed. It is not necessarily the same as the amount being claimed by IMF's client/s in the matter. It is also not the estimated return to IMF from the matter if it is successful. No estimated claim value has been included for any contingently funded matters until all conditions are fulfilled.
- 2 Given the nature of litigation, allocation of the portfolio between years may change. The possible completion period is IMF's current best estimate of the period in which the case may be finalised. The case may finalise earlier or later than in this period. Completion means finalisation of the litigation by either settlement or judgment for or against the funded client. It may not follow that the financial result will be accounted for in the year of finalisation. Completion estimates are prepared and announced on a quarterly basis. If any matter proceeds to trial and is lost then IMF is likely to become liable to pay adverse costs to each successful defendant.
- 3 The Portfolio as at 30 June 2014 includes the Premium Income Fund matter and the matters concerning ABC Learning. The total claim value from these matters is \$225 million. As at 30 June 2014 the Premium Income Fund matter was (and still is) the subject of an in-principle settlement. As at 30 June 2014 the ABC matters had not resolved, although subsequent to 30 June 2014 the claim by the ABC liquidator against a number of banks settled.
- 4 The Portfolio as at 30 June 2015 includes matters funded in the USA totalling \$322M (or 16%).



INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO HISTORY

IMF Case Investment Portfolio



POSSIBLE COMPLETIONS IN FY2015

Below is a list of matters that have completed or may complete in FY2015. Other matters may also complete in that period.

Matter	Description
Premium Income Fund	A class action by unitholders and an action by the Responsible Entity against auditors of the Premium Income Funding ("PIF"). A Settlement Deed was entered into on 19 August 2014. The settlement terms are confidential and the settlement remains subject to a number of conditions including Court approval of the settlement of the class action. There will also be a registration process to determine the PIF unitholders eligible to share in the settlement. In these circumstance IMF is not presently able to calculate its revenue and profit from this matter.
ABC Learning Centres Group of Companies	An action by the liquidator of ZYX Learning (formerly ABC Learning) claiming that the floating charges granted to various banks are void and for recovery of certain amounts received by the Banks under them. The case has settled and revenue will be recorded in 1H15. IMF estimates revenue of approximately \$17M and a profit after capitalised overheads (but before tax) of about \$5M from the ABC cases (this case and the claims by shareholders against ABC Learning).
Retail Adventures	IMF successfully funded a number of unsecured creditors to set aside the Deed of Company Arrangement ("DOCA") and Retail Adventures went into liquidation. The liquidators then settled claims for insolvent trading and unsecured creditors are expected to receive total dividends of about four times greater than what they would have received had the DOCA not been overturned. IMF will receive a return from dividends paid to the unsecured creditors it funded.



POSSIBLE COMPLETIONS IN FY2015

Matter	Description
Bank Fees	 On 4 February 2014 Justice Gordon delivered judgment in the Bank Fees matter. The findings in favour of IMF's clients were that late payment fees were penalties at law and that certain inter account exception fees had been charged by the Bank in breach of contract. Late payment fees are subject to an expanded limitation period which commenced in 2010. The clients were not successful in relation to their claims concerning honour fees, dishonour fees and over limit fees charged by the Bank. It is currently estimated that the successful part of the action against ANZ represents about 25% of the total claim being made in that action. Both ANZ and the clients' representatives are appealing. The hearing of the appeal commenced on 18 August 2014. Open class actions have been instituted against the major banks in relation to late fees and a common fund application will be made in relation to these (unless the Banks win their appeal in relation to late fees). IMF is presently not able to reliably measure the impact, if any, of the above on its revenue or profit for the year ending 30 June 2015.
US cases	A number of US funded cases could complete in FY2015. IMF has taken the policy position not to disclose specific details about the US investments other than to describe them in a general manner until after the resolution of each case.
Others	A number of other matters could complete.
Total	\$700M (claim value in portfolio as at 30 June 2014)



NEW CASES

8 new cases were funded in FY2014 (with a claim size in the portfolio of \$765M).

Matter	Description
Wivenhoe	Long investigation phase and proceedings were filed on 8 July 2014.
	 Class action alleging the Dam was negligently operated and that material flooding would not have occurred had the Dam been operated to the standard expected.
	 Participation agreement with interests associated with European joint venturer.
Treasury Wine Estates	 Shareholder class action alleging Treasury Wine Estates Limited breached its disclosure obligation by failing to inform the market of material information, and made misleading representations in relation to the performance of its United States operations and its expected financial performance for the 2013 financial year. Proceedings have been filed.
Hong Kong case	 A claim by a Hong Kong based insolvency practitioner against an auditor.
Forge	 The claims include a proposed shareholder class action relating to issues with the two key power stations of CTEC, one of the wholly owned subsidiaries of Forge.
Bradken Resources	 Claim that wholly owned subsidiaries of Bradken Limited and Fortesque Metals Group Limited infringed a patent concerning bulk material transport containers used in rail wagons.
Commissioner of Taxation (Desalination Technology)	 Funding the defence of an appeal to the Federal Court by the ATO (now heard) concerning the eligibility of tax offsets for research and development expenditure.
2x US cases	 Funding a business dispute in a US State Court and funding a case involving a claim for multiple breaches of a state False Claims Act, a state Insurance Fraud Prevention Act and other related claims.



SELECT CASE UPDATES

Matter	Update
Rivercity	 Class action by persons who purchased units under the product disclosure statement alleging that the traffic forecasts in the PDS were misleading and deceptive and omitted information.
	 Multiple interlocutory disputes. Expert evidence being served.
	 Trial date of 7 September 2014.
Westgem	 Claim against Bankwest (CBA) for damages flowing from alleged conduct of the bank including in claiming penalty interest and in seizing control of the secured asset (Raine Square in Perth).
	 No defence has yet been filed.
	The Bank's strike out application is to be heard on 2 October 2014.
Structured Finance Ratings Claims	 Appeal by S&P, ABN Amro and LGFS has been determined against these entities. This case is now complete and a smaller case is currently under review.
	Lehman cases
	Proof process is continuing in Lehman Australia in respect of claims against it.
	Claim against S&P by persons who bought CDO's from Lehman Australia and others has been filed.
	 Claim against ABN Amro and S&P in the Netherlands
	Claim filed in the Netherlands but S&P had earlier filed in the UK seeking negative declarations.
	Jurisdictional issues are being determined.



TRACK RECORD

IMF's track record to 30 June 2014



Summary

- 159 cases commenced and completed since listing.
- Average investment period of 2.3 years.
- Generated revenue of \$1.47B:
 - \$957M to Clients (65%);
 - > \$514M to IMF comprising:
 - \$189M reimbursement of costs (13%); and
 - \$325M net revenue to IMF (excluding overheads) (22%);
 - Gross ROI of 273%.
- Lost cases cost \$16M including adverse costs.
- Withdrawals cost \$4.9M.
- Losses and withdrawals cost 4% of IMF revenue.



FUTURE OUTLOOK

- Further development of international funding platform:
 - Expansion in the US (new staff, more cases).
 - > Expansion in the UK and Europe (joint venture).
 - Funding in Hong Kong (focus on insolvency cases).
- Building the investment portfolio above \$2B claim size.
- New managing director (Andrew Saker) as from January 2015. Hugh McLernon to remain in the company with a focus on major cases and special projects.
- In Australia, renewed focus on opportunities for funding in insolvency situations.
- More competition in Australia and internationally, reflecting a maturing industry.
- Potentially more regulation in Australia (Productivity Commission's report is due in September 2014).

